CPD questionnaires must be completed online via www.cpdjournals.co.za After submission you can check the answers and print your certificate.

1. True (A) or false (B):

Prostate cancer is the most common cancer in men in the UK.

2. True (A) or false (B):

Prostate cancer occurs predominantly in young men.

3. True (A) or false (B):

Many prostate cancers detected in asymptomatic patients are indolent and do not shorten life.

4. True (A) or false (B):

In all instances it is possible to accurately predict which prostatic cancers change from low-risk and slow-growing to high-risk and aggressive tumours.

5. True (A) or false (B):

The risk of overtreatment of prostate cancer is increased in older men.

6. True (A) or false (B):

Many studies suggest that prostate cancer is more common and more aggressive in blacks.

7. True (A) or false (B):

Prostate-specific antigen screening for prostate cancer is one of the most cost-effective public health measures.

8. True (A) or false (B):

In clinical trials it is more expensive to recruit a patient onto a trial than to retain a patient in the trial.

9. True (A) or false (B):

Results from a study in this issue show that 'retention gifts' to clinical trial participants function as a motivational tool.

10. True (A) or false (B):

In South Africa there is an ominous resurgence of multidrugresistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) and extensively drugresistant TB (XDR-TB). 11. True (A) or false (B):

XDR-TB is associated with poor treatment outcomes.

12. True (A) or false (B):

Some hope is in sight with the impending arrival of new anti-TB drugs.

13. True (A) or false (B):

XDR-TB was first encountered in the Cape Metropole area of the Western Cape in 2010.

14. True (A) or false (B):

MDR-TB was recognised in the Western Cape in the mid-80s.

15. True (A) or false (B):

XDR-TB is almost exclusively associated with HIV-related attenuated host immunity.

16. True (A) or false (B):

Some patients who are underweight become obese on antiretroviral therapy (ART).

17. True (A) or false (B):

Obesity is a risk factor for the development of lactic acidosis, a potentially life-threatening adverse effect of ART.

18. True (A) or false (B):

Lipodystrophy is a complication of ART that presents as truncal obesity, enlarged breasts and peripheral wasting of the buttocks, limbs and face.

19. True (A) or false (B):

All lipodystrophy body changes are readily reversible.

20. True (A) or false (B):

Lipodystrophy caused by stavudine should be actively screened for to identify and manage this adverse effect.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read the journal. All the answers will be found there.
- 2. Go to www.cpdjournals.co.za to answer the questions.

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