



CPD questionnaires must be completed online via www.cpdjournals.org.za.
After submission you can check the answers and print your certificate.

1. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Obstetric haemorrhage is the leading cause of maternal death.
2. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Approximately 50% of deaths from obstetric haemorrhage are attributable to severe bleeding at caesarean section.
3. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
The National Committee on Confidential Enquiries into Maternal Deaths found that over 80% of maternal deaths were 'clearly avoidable'.
4. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
The extended 2-year internship currently undertaken by medical graduates incorporates a 4-month Obstetrics and Gynaecology rotation.
5. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Childbirth by caesarean section is associated with a reduced risk of mortality and morbidity when compared with vaginal delivery.
6. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Immunocompetent hosts are not at risk of central nervous system infection by the measles virus.
7. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Subacute measles encephalitis (SME) is an opportunistic infection occurring 1 - 7 months after acute measles in the context of AIDS.
8. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
SME typically presents with seizures and altered mental status.
9. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Recent surveys of cancer deaths worldwide show a steady decline in those attributable to lung cancer.
10. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Adenocarcinoma of the lung has replaced squamous cell carcinoma as the most common histological type.
11. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Drug-drug toxic interactions occur as a result of competition for the same renal tubular cytochrome enzyme system involved in drug metabolism.
12. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Excessively high dosages of lopinavir/ritonavir administered to children in combined capsule formulation led to diarrhoea, nausea and vomiting.
13. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
***Escherichia coli* remains the most common pathogen causing both uncomplicated and complicated urinary tract infection in the community.**
14. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Current microbiological surveillance confirms *E. coli*'s susceptibility to trimethoprim-sulphamethoxazole as first-choice empiric therapy.
15. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
A high prevalence of multidrug-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* nasal carriage has been found among immunocompromised patients co-infected with HIV and tuberculosis.
16. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Surveys carried out in South Africa and neighbouring countries show that the prevalence of drug-resistant HIV mutations in ARV-naive HIV-infected individuals is low.
17. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
A Tanzanian study of stroke reveals that haemorrhagic stroke can reliably be distinguished from ischaemic stroke at the bedside using a clinical diagnostic tool such as the Allan score (developed for the purpose at Guy's Hospital, London).
18. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
In the setting of socio-economic disadvantage, a Cape Town-based study has shown that mortality is directly linked to the need for nasogastric feeding after discharge home.
19. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Death following stroke is strongly attributable to pulmonary embolus.
20. True (A) or false (B) – click on the correct answer:
Common drug errors in anaesthesia include inadvertent substitution of suxamethonium for fentanyl and inadvertent administration of adrenaline for atropine.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read the journal. All the answers will be found there.
2. Go to www.cpdjournals.org.za to answer the questions.

Accreditation number: MDB001/016/01/2011 (Clinical)